

## Vomit and Diarrhea Clean-up Plan Template

The following procedures address how employees must minimize the spread of contamination when cleaning up vomit and diarrhea. Food retail establishments may create their own written plan based on their standards or create a written plan following the checkpoints listed below. Staff must be trained on your clean-up plan and your plan must be available for review by Skagit Public Health (WAC 246-215-02500). Ensure all supplies are available to properly implement the procedure.

SECTION 1: ESTABLISHMENT INFORMATION								
Food Establishment								
ESTAE	BLISHMENT NAME		PHONE					
SIREE	ET (PHYSICAL ADDRESS)	CITY	ZIP	EMAIL				
CONT	ACT NAME	TITLE / POSITION						
SECTION 2: CLEAN-UP PLAN CHECKLIST								
~	<ul> <li>Every food establishment must have a written clean-up plan that protects consumers, food, employees, and surfaces.</li> <li>Include the following items in your clean-up plan:</li> </ul>							
	PROTECT CONSUMERS							
	Move guests from the contaminated area.							
	Block off immediate areas with visible contamination until the area is properly cleaned and disinfected.							
	<ul> <li>Notify customers in the immediate area of the acc accident.</li> </ul>	ident and offer an alte	rnative dining s	space away from the				
	accident.							
	PROTECT FOOD							
	Limit food service in the contaminated area.							
	Discard potentially contaminated food or single-service items in the contaminated area.							
	Wash, rinse, and sanitize all utensils and equipment potentially contaminated in the accident area.							
	PROTECT EMPLOYEES							
	Any ill food workers/employees must be sent home immediately. Food workers may not return to work until their							
	<ul> <li>symptoms have resolved for at least 24 hours.</li> <li>Only trained staff should be assigned clean-up and disinfection tasks.</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Only trained stall should be assigned clean-up and disinfection tasks.</li> <li>Wear gloves, apron, and goggles as needed when responding to vomit or diarrhea incidents.</li> </ul>							
	<ul> <li>Workers must discard gloves and wash hands after clean-up is completed. More extensive cleaning may be</li> </ul>							
	necessary depending on degree of contamination to clothes and other body parts.							
	Remind employees to report symptoms or diagnosed illnesses to the Person in Charge. Symptoms include     wariting diagrams are threat with favor is undiagnosed illnesses to the Person in Charge. Symptoms include							
	vomiting, diarrhea, sore throat with fever, jaundice (yellowing), and infected cuts on the hands. Reportable illnesses include <i>E. coli</i> , <i>Salmonella</i> , hepatitis A, <i>Shigella</i> , and norovirus.							
	PROTECT SURFACES							
	Use disposable absorbent material like baking soda or kitty litter to soak up visible vomit or diarrhea. Scrape							
	material into trash bag.							
	Clean and disinfect the soiled area and surfaces that might have become contaminated.							
	Sanitize surfaces such as tabletops, doorknobs, and chairs in the immediate area of contamination and other areas potentially contaminated.							
	• Bag, seal, and discard all disposable cleaning equipment (scoops, mop heads, gloves, towels) before leaving the contaminated area.							
	<ul> <li>Block off and schedule steam cleaning for contaminated fabric surfaces that cannot adequately be disinfected.</li> </ul>							
	Clean and disinfect reusable clean-up equipment in an area not used for food preparation.							
	Re-stock PPE as needed after a vomit or diarrhea incident and assure quality of supplies annually.							

SECTION 3: IDENTIFY SURFACES & ASSEMBLE A CLEAN-UP KIT								
SURFACES: Identify surfaces in the food establishment that will need disinfection to ensure staff are trained and the planned disinfectant is labeled for the surface (check all surfaces in the establishment):								
<ul> <li>Hard, non-porous (tile, vinyl, sealed concrete, stainless steel): Follow 'non-porous' directions on disinfectant label</li> <li>Porous (unsealed concrete, wood): Follow 'porous' disinfection directions on label</li> <li>Carpet and upholstery: Close area and steam clean if unable to use disinfectant</li> <li>Linens and clothing: Machine wash and dry hot; use chlorine bleach if possible</li> <li>Grass and outdoor concrete: Block access; use absorbent material on spill; scrape into bag; rinse area with water</li> </ul>								
Other:								
Disposable masks Absorbent material Dispo			Disposable mop hea (no vacuum)					
🗌 Di	sposable gloves sposable aprons oggles	<ul> <li>Disposable scoop</li> <li>Garbage bags</li> <li>Disposable paper</li> </ul>		<ul> <li>Mop bucket/hot wat</li> <li>Caution tape or sign</li> <li>Soap</li> </ul>				
DISINFECTANT: Detail How to Make and Use the Disinfectant (reference product label)								
EPA-	Registered Disinfe	ctant Name: 🗌 Bleach	or 🗌 Other:					
Amount of disinfectant: Amount of water:		Instructions: Contact time:						
	ion of the kit:			Location of the utility s	ink to clean reusable tools:			
Note:	Tools used to clea	an up vomit and diarrhe	a should not be	stored or cleaned in the	kitchen.			
		S	ECTION 4: EMP	LOYEE TRAINING				
Empl	<b>oyee Training</b> : En	nployees must be prope	erly trained in ad	vance. Select all that ap	ply.			
	How are employe		demonstration	Other:				
	How often are er	nployees trained?	Annually	Other:				
Worker Assignments: Assign non-food workers clean-up duties when possible. Select all that apply.								
		otified if a vomit or diar						
	🗌 Manager	☐ Janitor	Server	Cook	Other:			
_		ble for cleaning vomit ar	nd diarrhea even	ts?				
	☐ Manager	☐ Janitor	Server	Cook	Other:			
		SECTION 5		NOTES (facility-specific de	etails)			
SECTION 6: PLAN MAINTENANCE								
	Where is the clean-up plan kept in the food establishment?							
	How often is the plan reviewed and updated? 🗌 Annually 🔲 Other:							
SECTION 7: SIGNATURE								
Plan prepared by:								
Signature Date		Printed Name	Phone					